FROST & SULLIVAN

## FinTech Market Insights – India

With investments of over \$1.9B from 2015-2017, Indian FinTech industry is booming and is poised for an exponential growth enabled by steady economic growth and supportive government incentives



### **Disruptive Trends in 2017**

### **Disruptive Themes** An increased pace of investment and innovation will spur mainstream adoption of blockchain to replace traditional services spanning transmission and exchange of digital identities and assets. Regulatory frameworks are being more aggressively defined to drive commercial adoption. **Community finance and P2P Lending** is fast growing to be as big as the conventional bank lending. The average annual market rate for such offline and unsecured loans is approximately 2 30%, which is almost 2–2.5 times the rate of an average personal loan charged by banks and other lending platforms. With increased adoption of smartphones and access to internet, Financial service providers will 3 more aggressively adopt biometric and cybersecurity solutions for services authentication, credit profiling and customer experience enhancement Open Banking will see a rise where 3<sup>rd</sup> party permission based apps can access your banking data to recommend real-time curated offers and offer frictionless payment and reward redemptions 4 process. With wide-spread adoption of adopting internet usage as a habit, **mobile-only and digital-only** 5 services will grow. This will enable start-up and incumbents to adopt new business models and partnerships to maintain relevance in the new FinTech ecosystem.

## Key Highlights of 2016 and 2017

### **Overview**

- Demonetization Demonetization triggered shift from a traditional cash-driven economy to a
   cashless one. Post Demonetization, over 1.1 Million POS terminals have been setup and a surge in adoption of mobile wallets and debit cards for merchant payments.
- Supportive Government Initiatives Government has announced multiple proactive policies
   like tax rebates for merchants accepting more than 50% as electronic payment, withdrawal od surcharge for card payments etc. in order to reduce use of cash for day-today transactions.
- Friction-less Payment Technology Secure and easy to use Unified Payment Interface applications such as BHIM, Phone Pe, SBI Pay etc. has found strong favor among consumers. Since its launch, there has been a growth of over 100x in usage and over 1000x in transactions value.
- Growing Industry Investments There is an upsurge in investment attention by established
   incumbents and VC firms. From 2015 onwards the FinTech space in India has had investments over \$1.9 Billion. Funding momentum is back to 2015 peaks after experiencing a drop in 2016.
- Aadhaar Enablement The Reserve Bank of India has regulated the usage of Aadhaar based
   biometric authentication. This will allow faster roll-out and enablement of KYC dependent financial services at a lower overall transaction costs for customers.



## **Industry Overview**

### What is FinTech

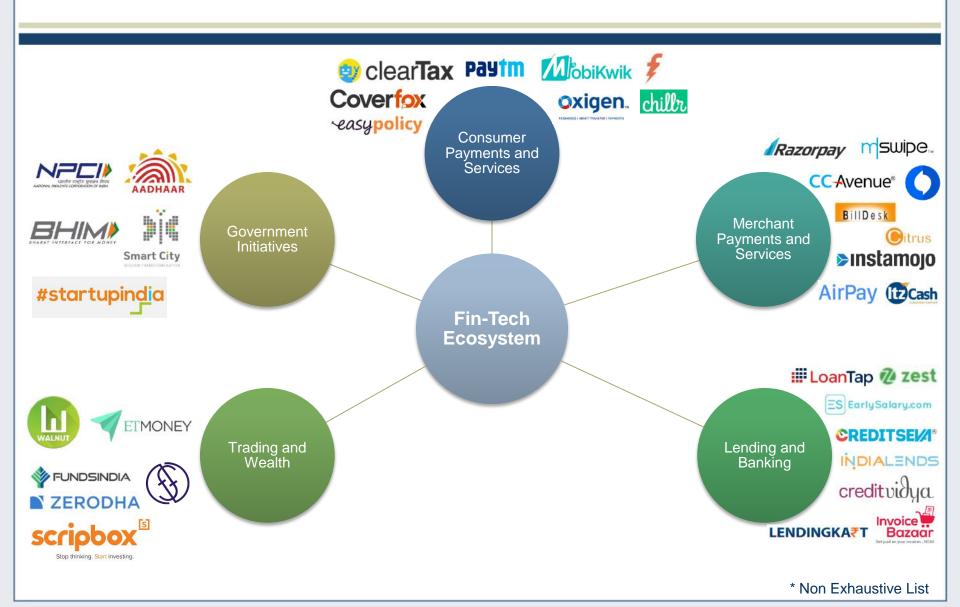
**Financial Services Technology** or commonly referenced as '**FinTech**' is the application of new-age technologies to deliver traditional financial services such as Consumer Banking, Payments, Lending, Insurance, Remittances and wealth management.

In last few years, the FinTech technology has significantly disrupted the way traditional financial services are perceived and delivered due to emergence of innovative startups and supportive government incentives. In-order to remain competitive in this extremely fast and evolving landscape, established incumbents are also aggressively exploring partnership and acquisitions strategy in order to better leverage existing customer data to improve customer engagement and setup new range of products and services.

Global FinTech software services market is expected to reach \$45 Billion by 2020\* and India is expected to play a crucial role in sustaining this growth momentum. Buoyed by the continued investments and supportive government regulatory frameworks, India FinTech software market is estimated to become \$2.4 Billion by 2020\* from about \$1.2 Billion in 2016. Future growth in India will not only be led by innovation alone, but through collaboration between FinTech service providers and traditional banking and lending organizations to design and deliver solutions for under catered non-digitized market in India.

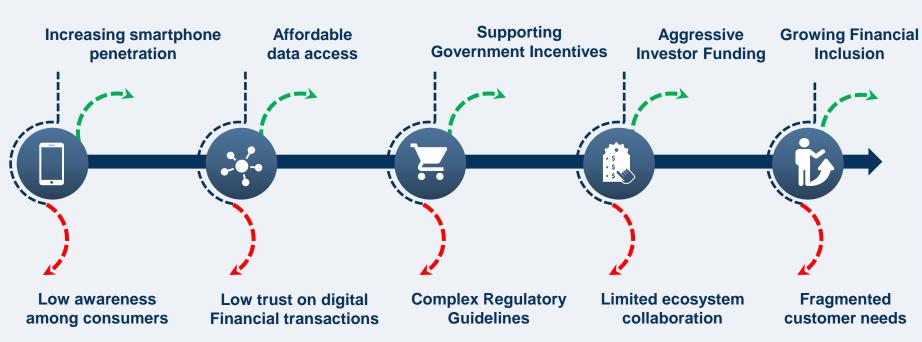
\* Source: NASSCOM, Press Releases

## Fin-Tech Landscape\* in India



## **Drivers and Restraints for FinTech in India**







## **Industry Snapshot**



1.3 BILLION



1,710 USD



250 Million

**Population** 



940 Million

**GDP** per **Capita** 

300 Million



Households



**Number of** 

**Internet Users** 

432 Million

**Number of Mobile Connections** 



793 Million

**Number of Active Debit Cards** 



**Number of Monthly Mobile Wallets Transactions** 



**Number of** 

31.4 Million

**Number of Active** 



**Credit Cards** 

**Number of POS** 

2.7 Million



650 Million

**Number of Bank Accounts** 



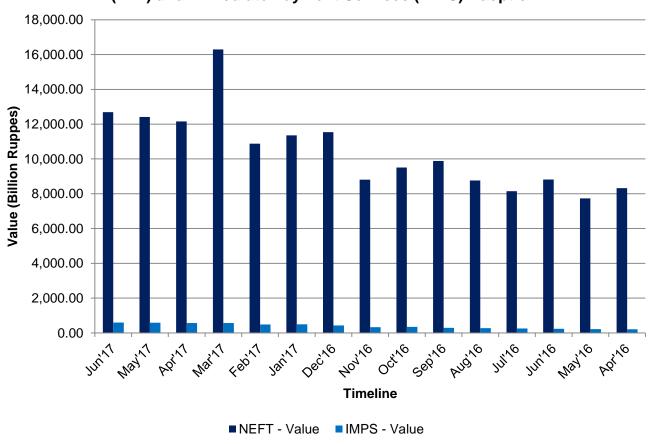
116 Million

**Mobile Banking Transactions** 

Source: World Bank, Reserve Bank of India, COAI, Press Releases

## FinTech Adoption Trends - Payment Instruments (April'16 to June'17)

## National Electronics Fund Transfer (NEFT)/ Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) and Immediate Payment Services (IMPS) Adoption

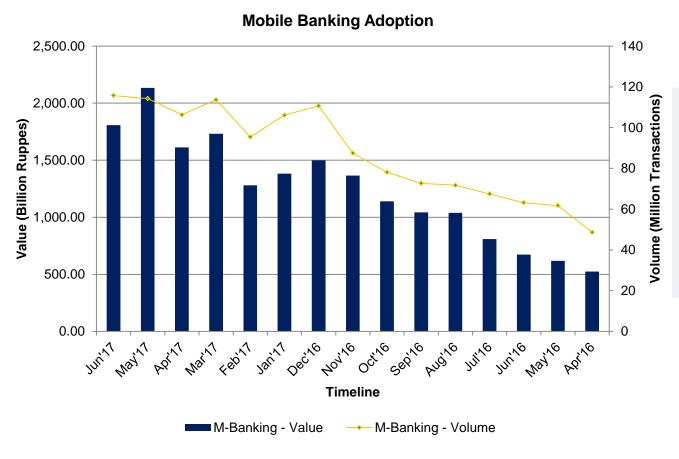


- 52% and 183% growth respectively in NEFT/EFT and IMPS payment services.
- NEFT peak in March can be attributed to FY yearend transactional surge
- IMPS has indicated higher growth due to near real-time performance and 24x7 availability

Source Reserve Bank of India

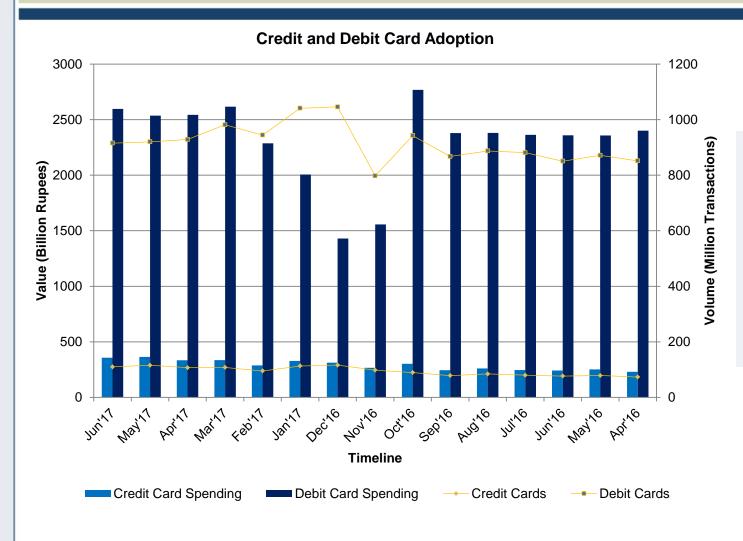
Frost & Sullivan Analysis

## FinTech Adoption Trends - Mobile Banking (April'16 to June'17)



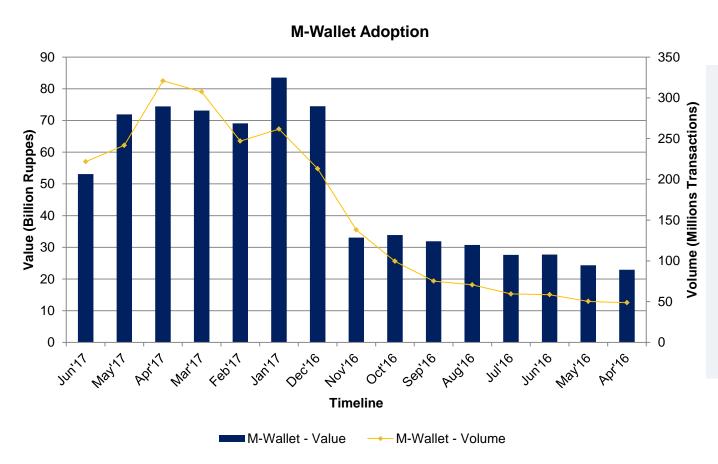
- 140 % CAGR in mbanking transactions, primarily driven by affordable access to data
- 138% increase in monthly m-banking transactions
- M-banking has been able to sustain demonetization catalyzed growth

## FinTech Adoption Trends - Credit & Debit Cards (April'16 to June'17)



- 50% and 8% increase in credit and debit card issuance and spending respectively
- Both credit and debit card have recorded a negative growth in ATM usage, however POS usage has increased by 56% and 153% respectively

## FinTech Adoption Trends - Mobile Wallets (April'16 to June'17)

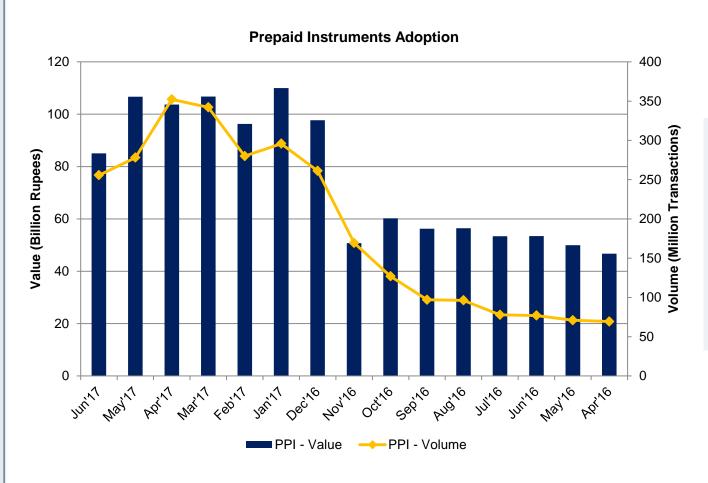


- At peak, accomplished a staggering 558% increase in M-Wallet transacts led by demonization initiative
- May'17 recorded a drop in mobile wallet transactions however there was an increase in average transaction value.
- In last 2 month, mwallet transactions have dropped by nearly 100 million

Source Reserve Bank of India

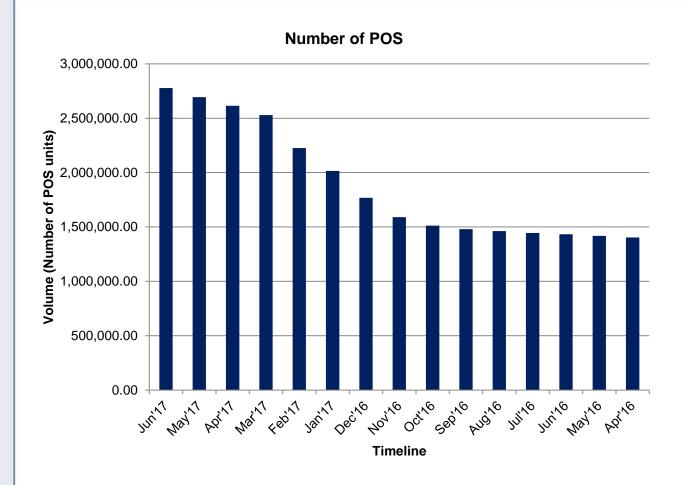
Frost & Sullivan Analysis

## FinTech Adoption Trends - Prepaid Instruments (April'16 to June'17)



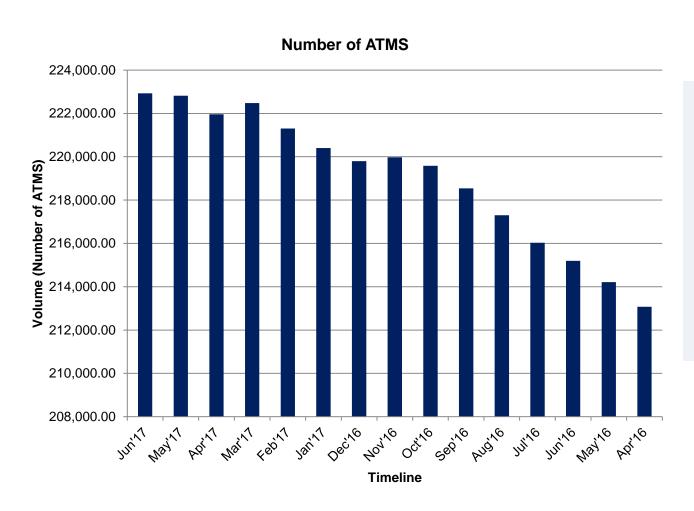
- transactions using Pre
  Paid Instruments. During
  the month of Mar and Apr,
  400% growth was
  recorded.
- Despite the exponential growth in transactions, in terms of value a peak of 135% was achieved in Jun'17.

## FinTech Adoption Trends – Point Of Sale Terminals (April'16 to **June'17)**



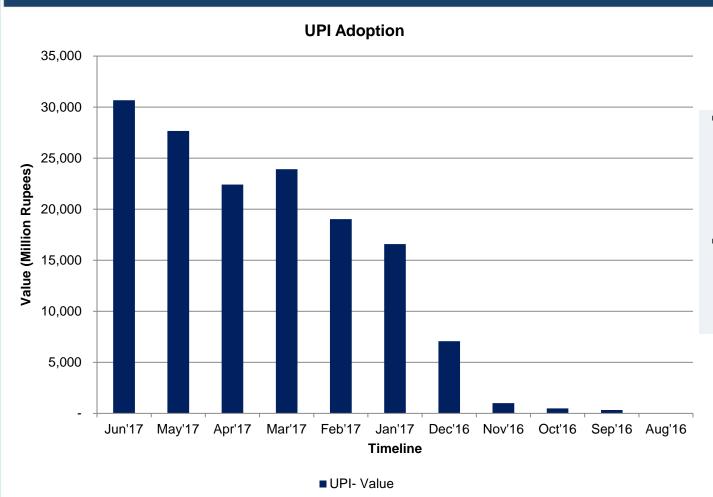
- 98% increase in number of POS terminals in last 15 months. This was driven by Government's thrust towards cash-less India
- Nearly equal split of transaction between debit and credit card spending

## FinTech Adoption Trends – Automated Teller Machine (ATM) (April'16 to June'17)



- Only 5% increase in number of ATM in operation in last 15 months
- There has been a negative growth in usage of debit and credit cards at ATMs – This can be attributed to easy availability of POS terminals for all merchant services.

# FinTech Adoption Trends - Unified Payment Interface (UPI) (August'16 to June'17)



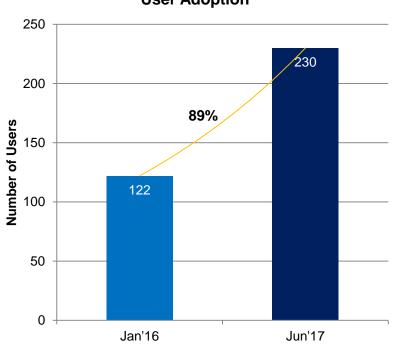
- Since the launch of UPI platform in Aug'16, it has seen more than 100x increase in usage and 1000x increase in value transacted.
- Government enabled BHIM has the most significant market share, followed by Chillr and PhonePe

Source National Payments Centre of India Frost & Sullivan Analysis

# FinTech Adoption Across Key Industry Enablers – Mobile Wallets: PayTM









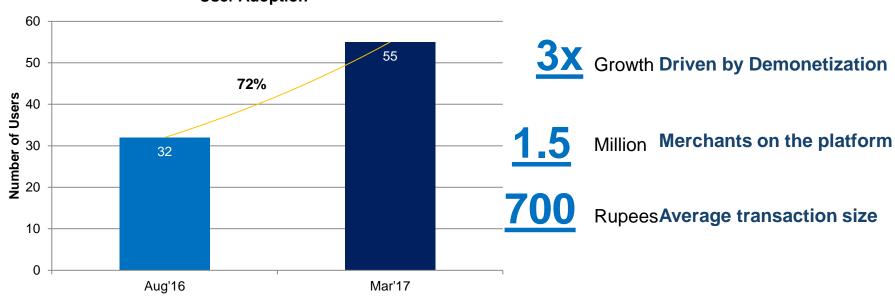
- 106 Million Wallets with money or saved cards
  - 84 RupeesAverage Balance per wallet

Source Company Website, Press Releases

## FinTech Adoption Across Key Industry Enablers – Mobile Wallets: MobiKwik







Source Company Website, Press Releases

## FinTech Adoption Across Key Industry Enablers - E-Commerce





Registered Users in Sep, 2016

Percent All orders on Amazon from its PRIME membership program

Android Downloads for PhonePe, A UPI Based payment application

Million

**Funding to build Amazon wallet Payment services** 

30.7 Percent Share of Indian mobile E-commerce space

Percent Share of Indian mobile E-commerce space

Percent Growth in unique purchasers 113.8 Percent Growth in unique purchasers

**Total Number of visits across** desktop and mobile web

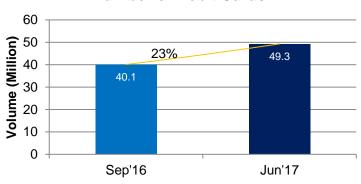
**Total Number of visits across** desktop and mobile web

Source Company Website, Press Releases

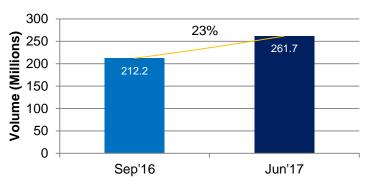
## FinTech Adoption Across Key Industry Enablers – Banking: SBI



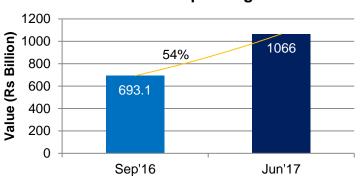
### **Number of Debit Cards**



#### **Number of Credit Cards**



### **Debit Card Spending\***



### Credit Card Spending\*

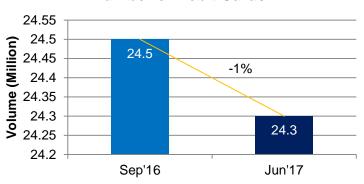


\* Spending only refers to POS and ATM usage

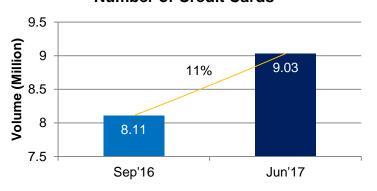
## FinTech Adoption Across Key Industry Enablers – Banking: HDFC

## HDFC BANK

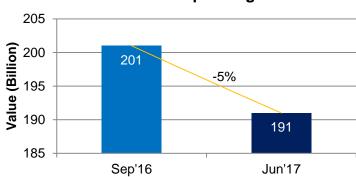
#### **Number of Debit Cards**



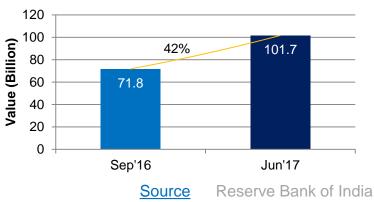
### **Number of Credit Cards**



### **Debit Card Spending\***



Credit Card Spending\*

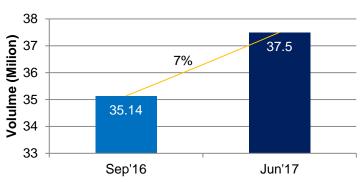


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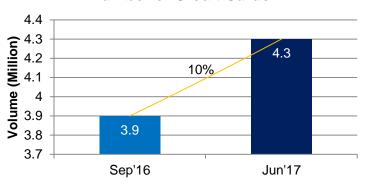
## **Adoption Across Key Industry Enablers – Banking: ICICI**



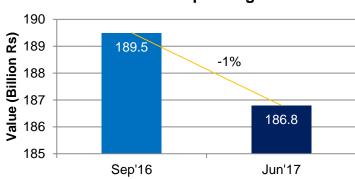
### **Number of Debit Cards**



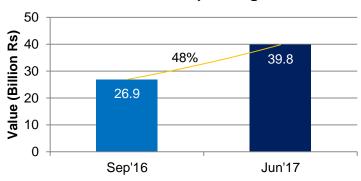
#### **Number of Credit Cards**



### **Debit Card Spending\***



### **Credit Card Spending\***



\* Spending only refers to POS and ATM usage

Source

Reserve Bank of India

